

### Lesson Plan

Name of Faculty :Indranil Biswas  
 Discipline :Ceramic Technology  
 Semester :2<sup>nd</sup> Sem.  
 Subject : Basics of Ceramic Engineering

Lesson Plan Duration : 15 WEEKS

Work Load ( Lecture /Practical ) per week in hours : Lecture 3 hours Practical 4 hrs

Week	Theory		Practical	
	Lecture Day	Topic ( Including assignment/test )	Practical Day	Topic
1 <sup>ST</sup>	1	Definition, Brief history and development of ceramics.		Observe and record physical properties of minerals: Colour,
	2	Scope of Ceramic Engineering, opportunities in ceramic engineering for diploma holders.		Observe and record physical properties of minerals: Colour,
	3	Traditional Ceramics – White wares (Terracotta, Earthenware),		
2nd	4	Stoneware and Porcelains.		Observe and record physical properties of minerals: lusture, streak.
	5	Cements, Glass.		Observe and record physical properties of minerals: lusture, streak.
	6	Refractories, Abrasives.		
3rd	7	Advanced Ceramic products – Electrical, Electronic &Magnetic,		Observe and record physical properties of minerals hardness,
	8	Automobile Ceramics		Observe and record physical properties of minerals hardness,
	9	Mechanical, Electronics, Chemical,		
4 <sup>th</sup>	10	Bio-Ceramics & Nuclear Ceramic Products.		Observe and record physical properties of minerals cleavage, fracture.
	11	Definition, Classification of Wares: white wares,		Observe and record physical properties of minerals cleavage, fracture.
	12	white wares, heavy clay wares		
5 <sup>th</sup>	13	heavy clay wares.		Observe and record physical properties of minerals tenacity, structure
	14	Raw materials,		Observe and record physical properties of minerals tenacity, structure,
	15	Properties and application.		

6 <sup>th</sup>	16	Definition of refractory, Classification of refractories		Observe and record physical properties of minerals specific gravity.
	17	Classification of refractories (Acidic, Basic, Neutral )		Observe and record physical properties of specific gravity.
	18	Raw material, properties of refractories		
7 <sup>th</sup>	19	general application of refractories.		Microscopic identification of minerals.
	20	General Manufacturing method.		Microscopic identification of minerals.
	21	Definition of cement, Classification ,		
8 <sup>TH</sup>	22	Types of cement,		Microscopic identification of minerals.
	23	Raw material of making cement,		Microscopic identification of minerals.
	24	, General method of making cement,		
9 <sup>th</sup>	25	Properties of cement & uses.		Studyof crystalsystem.
	26	Definition, Types of glass:- container glass,		Studyof crystalsystem.
	27	sheet glass, plate glass, bulb glass,		
10 <sup>TH</sup>	28	Laboratory glass, glass wool etc.		Identification of minerals in hand specimen.
	29	Raw material of glass.		Identification of minerals in hand specimen.
	30	Introduction, classification, Properties Cermets and applications		
11 <sup>th</sup>	31	applications Cermets and applications		Identification of igneous rocks in hand specimen.
	32	Introduction to Earth, The earth as a planet		Identification of igneous rocks in hand specimen.
	33	Important parts of earth		
12 <sup>th</sup>	34	Internal structure of earth.		Identification of Sedimentary rocks in hand specimen.
	35	Work of Atmosphere, Weathering of rocks.		Identification of Sedimentary rocks in hand specimen.
	36	Work of wind erosion, transport of materials, deposition.		
13 <sup>th</sup>	37	Geological work of rivers, erosion, transport and deposition.		Identification of Metamorphic rocks in hand specimen.
	38	Geological work of sea, wave erosion and deposition.		Identification of Metamorphic rocks in hand specimen.

	39	Geological work of glaciers, formation of glaciers.		
14 <sup>th</sup>	40	Igneous Rocks: Formation, composition, structures, texture., Classification of important igneous rocks (Granite, Diorite, Basalt, Hornblende, Obsidian, Pegmatite, Syenite, Gabor, Dolerite).		Determination of specific gravity of minerals.
	41	Brief study of important igneous rocks (Granite, Diorite, Basalt, Hornblende, Obsidian, Pegmatite, Syenite, Gabor, Dolerite).		Determination of specific gravity of minerals.
	42	Sedimentary Rocks Formation, compositions, structures, texture of sedimentary rocks, Classification of important sedimentary rocks (Dolomite, Limestone, Sandstone, Shale).		
15 <sup>th</sup>	43	brief study of important sedimentary rocks(Dolomite, Limestone, Sandstone, Shale).		Determination of Hardness of minerals.
	44	Metamorphic Rocks: Metamorphism, types, Metamorphic rocks: formation, structures and texture, Classification of important metamorphic rocks (Marble, Slate, Soapstone, Quartzite, Gneiss, Phyllite, Schist, Amphibolite).		Determination of Hardness of minerals.
	45	brief study of important metamorphic rocks (Marble, Slate, Soapstone, Quartzite, Gneiss, Phyllite, Schist, Amphibolite).		